

FACTORIZING TRINOMIALS USING SLIDE AND DIVIDE

Factoring ax^2+bx+c

SLIDE AND DIVIDE METHOD EXAMPLE

Ex: $2x^2-7x-15$ *multiply first number to the last*
 $x^2-7x-30$ *factor normal*
 $(x-10)(x+3)$
 ↓ 2 2 reduce, if not bottom # goes in front
 $(x-5)(2x+3)$

EASY WAY TO GET FACTORS

DOUBLE	HALF
1	30
2	15
can't half 15 then we try 3	
3	10
6	5

ALWAYS TRY 2, 3, 5, 7 ON THE LEFT HAND SIDE IF YOU CAN'T HALF THE RIGHT

1) $4x^2 + 8x + 3$ *number in front of x, check for a GCF then use slide and divide*
 $x^2 + 8x + 12$ *factors of 12, add to get 8, signs are the same +*
 $(x+2)(x+6)$ *the divide by 4*
 4 4 *reduce each fraction $\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$ bottom # goes in front*
 $(2x+1)(2x+3)$

2) $2m^2 - 13m - 24$
 $m^2 - 13m - 48$ *factors of 48, subtract to get 13, signs are different*
 $(m-16)(m+3)$ *higher # is - the divide by 2*
 2 2 *reduce each fraction $\frac{16}{2} = 8$ and $\frac{3}{2}$ bottom # goes in front*
 $(m-8)(2m+3)$

3) $3v^2 - 19v - 14$

$v^2 - 19v - 42 = 0$ factors of 42, subtract to get 19, signs are different

$(v-21)(v+2)=0$ higher # is - the divide by 3

3 3 reduce each fraction $\frac{21}{3} = 7$ and $\frac{2}{3}$ bottom # goes in front

$(v-7)(3v+2)$

4) $4m^2 - 25m - 21$

$m^2 - 25m - 84$ factors of 84, subtract to get 25, signs are different

$(m+3)(m-28)$ higher # is - the divide by 4

4 4 reduce each fraction $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{28}{4} = 7$ bottom # goes in front

$(4m-3)(m-7)$

5) $2x^2 + 9x - 35 = 0$

$x^2 + 9x - 70$ factors of 70, add to get 9, signs are the different -

$(x-5)(x+14)$ the divide by 2

2 2

$(2x-5)(x+7)$

SHORT CUT TO LIST ALL FACTORS: *double left side, half right side

Factors of 42

EASY WAY TO GET FACTORS

DOUBLE	HALF
1	42
2	21
can't half 21 then we try 3	
3	14
6	7

ALWAYS TRY 2, 3, 5, 7 ON

THE LEFT-HAND SIDE IF YOU CAN'T

HALF THE RIGHT

Factors 72

EASY WAY TO GET FACTORS

DOUBLE	HALF
1	72
2	36
4	18
8	9
can't half 9 then we try 3	
3	24
6	12

ALWAYS TRY 2, 3, 5, 7 ON

THE LEFT-HAND SIDE IF YOU CAN'T

Factors of 30


EASY WAY TO GET FACTORS


DOUBLE HALF


1	30
2	15
3	10
6	5


can't half 15 then we try 3

ALWAYS TRY 2, 3, 5, 7 ON
THE LEFT-HAND SIDE IF YOU CAN'T
HALF THE RIGHT


6) $5x^2 + 24x - 5$


 $x^2 + 24x + 25$ factors of 25, subtract to get 24, signs are the same +
 $(x+25)(x-1)$ the divide by 5
 5 5
 $(x+5)(5x-1)$


7) $3x^2 + 11x - 4$


 $x^2 + 11x - 12$ factors of 12, subtract to get 24, signs are the same +
 $(x+12)(x-1)$ the divide by 3
 3 3
 $(x+4)(3x-1)$

8) $8y^2 + 18y + 9$ $y^2 + 18y + 72$ factors of 72, add to get 18, signs are the same +

$(y+12)(y+6)$ the divide by 8

8 8 reduce $\frac{12}{8} = \frac{3}{2}$ and $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$ bottom # goes in front

$(2x+3)(4x+3)$

9) $4x^2 - 4x - 3$

$x^2 - 4x - 12$ factors of 12, subtract to get 4, signs are the same +

$(x+2)(x-6)$ the divide by 4

4 4

$(2x+)(3x-2)$

10) $10y^2 + 37y + 7$

$y^2 + 37y + 70$ factors of 70, add to get 18, signs are the same +

$(y+12)(y+6)$ the divide by 8

8 8 reduce $\frac{12}{8} = \frac{3}{2}$ and $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$ bottom # goes in front

$(2x+3)(4x+3)$